Gowing Bros. Limited ABN 68 000 010 471 (the Company)

Confidential Discloser Policy

Date: 26 October 2023

1. INTRODUCTION

The Company is committed to maintaining a culture of integrity, honesty, transparency and ethical behaviour. This Policy supplements the Company's Code of Conductby outlining a process whereby a confidential discloser can raise concerns regarding wrongdoing by the Company or its representatives without fear of intimidation, discriminatory treatment or

reprisal.

The Company encourages the reporting of any suspected unethical or illegal behaviour and will

protect any officer or employee who raises such a concern.

This Policy is publicly available via the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's

website.

References to the Company include its subsidiaries.

2. WHO CAN MAKE A REPORT?

This Policy applies to all current and former Directors, executives, employees, contractors and suppliers (including their employees) and a relative or dependent of these persons.

3. REPORTABLE CONCERNS

Reportable concerns under this Policy include improper conduct suspected on reasonable grounds such as:

Breach of the Company's Code of Conduct or other policy

Illegal activities

• Conduct that constitutes bribery, corruption or abuse of authority

• Theft or misappropriation of the Company's property

Bullying or harassment

Other serious impropriety

Reportable concerns under this Policy do not include personal work-related grievances such as interpersonal conflict between the discloser and another employee or a decision that does not involve a breach of workplace laws.

4. MAKING A REPORT

A person making a report under this Policy is referred to as a 'confidential discloser' and all information provided by them will be treated as confidential. A confidential discloser may contact the Company Secretary to obtain additional information before making a disclosure.

(a) Report to the executive team

A Company employee, or other person who becomes aware of a reportable concern, is encouraged to report the matter to the Company Secretary or to the

Managing Director.

OR, alternatively

(b) Report anonymously

If the concern is considered unsuitable for investigation by executive management or the person wishes their identity to remain anonymous to executive management, the Company provides the following confidential reporting lines:

By EMAIL:

• Direct to Mr John Parker, Non-executive Director of the Company, via an external email address: jparker@optusnet.com.au

By POST:

Marked "Private and confidential - open by addressee only".

Mr John Parker

Gowing Bros. Limited

The Gowings Building

303 / 35-61 Harbour Drive

Coffs Harbour, NSW, 2450

Australia

A person who makes a report to these email addresses or to this postal address will be treated as anonymous and their personal details will not be disclosed.

OR, alternatively

(c) Report to an external body

A concern may be reported to an external regulatory body such as the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) or the Australian Securities and Investment Commission (ASIC) or to the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA).

5. INVESTIGATING A REPORT

The investigative process will depend on the nature of the conduct being investigated and who is implicated in the reported concern. It may be managed internally or externally as appropriate. The Company's objective is that all investigations will be conducted in a manner that is fair and impartial to those involved.

All concerns will be investigated as soon as is reasonably practicable and in a confidential, objective and discreet manner. No particulars that would reveal a confidential discloser's identity will be disclosed without first obtaining consent.

If not reported anonymously, the confidential discloser will be interviewed privately and may be asked to sign a written statement containing the relevant facts.

At the end of an investigation, a report will be completed and provided to the Managing Director, or if appropriate to the Board. Reports and records created will be secured and protected as confidential.

A confidential discloser will be kept informed of the investigative process, its progress and its outcomes including the course of action the Company proposes to take or, if no action is proposed, an appropriate explanation. If reported anonymously, feedback will be provided via Mr John Parker.

6. PROTECTION OF WHISTLEBLOWERS

The Company is committed to ensuring confidential disclosers are afforded confidentiality in respect of any matter raised under this Policy and that they do not suffer detriment as a result of reporting a concern.

'Detriment' includes dismissal, demotion, harassment, victimisation, discrimination, disciplinary action, bias, threat or other unfavourable treatment.

A confidential discloser will still qualify for protection even if their disclosure turns out to be incorrect.

There are special protections available to confidential disclosers who disclose conduct which may breach the Corporations Act (and certain other Acts) where particular conditions are satisfied – see Appendix.

7. POLICY REVIEW

This Policy will be reviewed annually by the Board.

APPENDIX

SPECIAL PROTECTIONS UNDER THE CORPORATIONS ACT

1. CONDITIONS FOR PROTECTION

The Corporations Act gives special protection to 'eligible whistle-blowers' for qualifying disclosures inrelating to breaches of the Corporations Act (and certain other Acts) to 'eligible recipients':

An 'eligible whistle-blower' is:

- a. A current or former officer or employee of the Company
- b. A person with a current or former contract for the supply of goods or services to the Company
- c. An employee of such a contractor
- d. An associate of the Company
- e. A relative or dependent of any of the above individuals

An 'eligible recipient' of a disclosure is:

- a. An officer or executive of the Company
- b. The Company's auditor or a member of the audit team
- c. ASIC
- d. A legal practitioner
- e. A member of Parliament or a journalist in certain emergency circumstances such as if the breach has an imminent risk of causing harm or danger to public health or safety.

Disclosures can be made anonymously and still be protected under the Corporations Act.

2. PROTECTIONS GIVEN

Protections include:

- A whistle-blower cannot be subject to legal liability for making a disclosure;
- Protected disclosure information is not admissible in evidence against the whistleblower incriminal proceedings (other than in proceedings of falsity of the information);
- A person, who victimises or harasses a whistle-blower or causes detriment such as dismissal orinjury to employment or reputation, commits an offence; and
- An individual who suffers detriment as a result of a protected disclosure may claimcompensation.

3. FURTHER INFORMATION ON THE AUSTRLIAN WHISTLEBLOWER LAWS

More information about protection for eligible whistle-blowers under the Corporations Act is available on the ATO and ASIC websites.